



ORAL PRESENTATION

Open Access

Physiological variability in CSF motion using magnetic resonance time spatial labeling inversion pulse (Time-SLIP) - real time imaging

Shinya Yamada

From Hydrocephalus 2015

Banff, Canada. 18-21 September 2015

Introduction

The ideal tracer for studying CSF dynamics is CSF itself. In time spatial labeling inversion pulse (Time-SLIP), MR radiofrequency pulses convert specific volumes of CSF into an endogenous tracer. CSF dynamics can then be observed under physiological and pathophysiological conditions. A gate-free and fast image acquisition technique like Time-SLIP is necessary to visualize natural CSF motion, whose behavior varies with cardiac pulsation and respiration.

Aim

To study physiological variability in CSF motion using the MRI Time-SILP method.

Methods

A real-time Time-SLIP balanced steady state free precession (bSSFP) sequence was used on 1.5T and 3T MRI scanners. Acquisition time for each image was approximately 130msec. Serial images were obtained one to five seconds after the labeling pulse. Pulsatile CSF motions over four to five cardiac strokes were analyzed.

Result

Considerable pulsatile CSF motion variability was observed in normal physiological brains as well as pathophysiological (hydrocephalus) brains.

Conclusion

Real-time MR imaging is necessary to investigate natural pulsatile CSF motion. Averaging over multiple pulsatile

CSF motions potentially wipes out natural physiological variability in CSF motion.

Published: 18 September 2015

Reference

1. Yamada S, Tsuchiya K, Bradley WG, Law M, Winkler ML, Borzage MT, Miyazaki M, Kelly EJ, McComb JG: **Current and Emerging MR Imaging Techniques for the Diagnosis and Management of CSF Flow Disorders: A Review of Phase-Contrast and Time-Spatial Labeling Inversion Pulse.** *AJNR Am J Neuroradiol* 2014.

doi:10.1186/2045-8118-12-S1-O27

Cite this article as: Yamada: Physiological variability in CSF motion using magnetic resonance time spatial labeling inversion pulse (Time-SLIP) - real time imaging. *Fluids and Barriers of the CNS* 2015 12(Suppl 1):O27.

Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

Submit your manuscript at
www.biomedcentral.com/submit



Correspondence: shinyakoro@gmail.com
Toshiba Rinkan Hospital, Japan